

CITY-COUNTY REINVESTMENT TASK FORCE



San Diego Reinvestment Task Force Thursday, January 19, 2012 at 12:00 PM 202 C Street, Twelfth Floor Hearing Room San Diego

MINUTES

Item 1: Call to Order: Meeting called to order at 12:06 p.m. by Council President Young

Item 2: Introductions

Members Present:

Vino Pajanor Housing Opportunities Collaborative

Angela Lucero
Kathy Patoff
Mirta Schloss
Wendell French

Bank of America
Union Bank
RTF Director
Wells Fargo

Joe Horiye LISC

Mitch Thompson City of Chula Vista

Maggie Ruiz RTF

Co-Chairs' Staff: Roosevelt Williams III Council President Young's Office

Portland Bates Council Spvsr. Chair Robert's Office

Members Excused: Ron Roberts County Supervisor, District 4

Kristy Gregg US Bank

Peter Villegas JP Morgan Chase

Participants:

Michael Anthony San Diego Bank News

Alex Mazloom Mind Treasures

JR Melchor IRS

Maria Montano ACCION Myrna Pascual HUD

Miguel Vasquez California Foundation Fund

Item 3: Public Comments: Michael Anthony

Commented on the Housing Opportunities Collaborative &

Community HouisngWorks.

Item 4: Minutes: Motion to approve Minutes of November 17, 2011 Motion trailed

to next meeting.

Item 5: National Community Reinvestment Coalition presented on 2010 Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) for San Diego. Presentation by Josh Silver, NCRC.

Mr. Silver with the National Community Reinvestment Coalition (NCRC) preformed an analysis of the lending patterns of five major banks in the San Diego metropolitan area reported on the 2010 HMDA data for five major banks in San Diego Metropolitan Area and included Bank of America, J.P. Morgan Chase, Union Bank, US Bank, and Wells Fargo. The presentation involved detailed data and charts and he focused on the following points from their findings:

- 1) Hispanic or Latinos Demographics make up 18% of the households in San Diego. The analysis shows:
 - a. With the exception of Bank of America,
 - b. All lenders provide loans at half or less the percentage of households that are Hispanic or Latino in San Diego.
 - c. Wells Fargo, Union Bank, and US Bank each issued less than 9 percent of their loans to Hispanic or Latinos.
- 2) African-Americans Demographics make up 6 % of the households in San Diego,
 - a. Yet they receive 2 % or less of the loans provided by the five major banks.
 - b. While it is probably not possible for the banks to immediately issue a percentage of loans equal to the percentage of households that are African-American,
 - c. Steps like marketing and product development should be taken to narrow this gap.
- 3) Stakeholders should work with banks lagging behind their peers to increase their lending.
 - a. Since these banks are major lenders in San Diego, if they increase their lending to underserved populations, the rest of the lenders may do likewise,
 - b. This will result in a net increase in lending to these populations.
 - c. Wells Fargo, US Bank, and Union Bank lagged behind their peers in lending to Latinos and minority neighborhoods.
 - d. Stakeholders should work with these banks to increase their lending to minorities.
- 4) Bank of America performed well; it was the top lender in terms of the percentage of its loans to Asians, African-American, Latinos, and minority neighborhoods.
- 5) The maps show that for most lenders, the concentration of loans occur north of Interstate 8 where most affluent neighborhoods are located in San Diego.

Item 6: Report from Staff – Up	date on Advocacy Subcommittee:
Earned Income Tax Credit (EIT	ng event, Smart Taxes to raise awareness on the often missed C) and invited the bank to participate. She also discussed the ace on January 27, 2012 at the County Administration building
Item 8: Adjournment: Meeting	was adjourned at 12:09 p.m.
Respectfully submitted, Mi	rta Schloss, RTF Director